



M615-540 550 VOC HC 40 Sheen Versaclad

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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FOR ALL INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS. 1-703-527-3887 (collect)

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity 0

PRODUCT NAME: M615-540 550 VOC HC 40 Sheen Versaclad

I. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

REVISION DATE: 03/05/06
SUPERCEDES: 10/03/06
MSDS NO. M615-540
OSHA HAZ. CLASS: Neurotoxin - may cause nervous system damage. Eye irritant.

II. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME	%	CAS #	PEL
aliphatic petroleum distillates	11-20	64742-89-8	No PEL established
butanol	11-20	78-92-2	150 ppm TWA; 450 mg/m3 TWA
urea resin solids	11-20	PROPRIETARY	No PEL established
Methyl acetate	11-20	79-20-9	200 ppm TWA; 610 mg/m3 TWA
toluene	1-10	108-88-3	200 ppm TWA; C 300 ppm
isobutanol	1-10	78-83-1	100 ppm TWA; 300 mg/m3 TWA
m-xylene	1-10	108-38-3	No PEL established
o-xylene	<1	95-47-6	No PEL established
ethylbenzene	<1	100-41-4	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA
p-xylene	<1	106-42-3	No PEL established
formaldehyde	<1	50-00-0	0.75 ppm TWA

III. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Routes of Entry: Inhalation., Ingestion., Skin contact., Eye contact., Absorption.
Medical Conditions Aggravated: Respiratory disease including asthma and bronchitis. Kidney disease. Liver disease. Eye disease. Skin disease including eczema and sensitization. Digestive tract disease.

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects

Inhalation:	Can cause severe central nervous system depression (including unconsciousness). High concentrations in immediate area can displace oxygen and can cause dizziness, unconsciousness, and even death with longer exposure. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. Breathing saturated vapors for a few minutes may be fatal. Saturated vapors can be encountered in confined spaces and/or under conditions of poor ventilation. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Can cause severe respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.
Skin Contact:	Substance causes moderate skin irritation. Moderately irritating to the skin. Can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.
Eye Contact:	Irritating but will not permanently injure eye tissue. Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Contact with the eyes may cause moderate to severe eye injury. Eye contact may result in tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Temporary vision impairment (cloudy or blurred vision) is possible.
Skin Absorption:	Can be absorbed through the skin but exposure must be extensive before adverse health effects occur. Component(s) may be absorbed through intact skin, but it is unlikely that harmful effects will occur unless contact is prolonged, repeated, and extensive. Toxic and may be harmful if absorbed through the skin; may produce target organ damage. Minimal hazard in normal industrial use. May cause gastrointestinal discomfort.
Ingestion:	Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Target Organ Acute Toxicity:	
n-Butyl alcohol	eyes, CNS, skin, respiratory system
Methyl acetate	skin, eyes, respiratory system, CNS
Toluene	CNS, liver, kidneys, skin, eyes, respiratory system
Isobutyl alcohol	eyes, skin, respiratory system, CNS
m-Xylene	CNS, eyes, blood, liver, kidneys, skin, GI tract, respiratory system
o-Xylene	CNS, eyes, blood, liver, kidneys, skin, GI tract, respiratory system
Ethyl benzene	eyes, respiratory system, skin, CNS
p-Xylene	CNS, eyes, blood, liver, kidneys, skin, GI tract, respiratory system
Formaldehyde (and formalin)	eyes, skin, respiratory system, nasal cancer

Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity:	ACGIH. IARC. NIOSH. NTP. OSHA. Contains a substance that is a probable cancer hazard based on human studies.
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity:	Possible reproductive hazard. A component in this product has been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals at doses that could be encountered in the workplace.
Mutagenicity:	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% is mutagenic or genotoxic.

Inhalation:	Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause severe respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.
Skin Contact:	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause irritation. May cause lingering effects but not likely to result in permanent damage if the exposure is eliminated. Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.
Eye Contact:	Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause severe irritation. Eye contact may result in corneal injury. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Temporary vision impairment (cloudy or blurred vision) is possible.
Skin Absorption:	Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, toxic if absorbed through the skin. Likely to cause systemic damage.
Target Organ Chronic Toxicity:	Respiratory Tract. Nervous System. Eyes. Nervous System. Kidneys. Liver. Eyes. Skin. Digestive Tract. Blood.
Supplemental Health Hazard Information:	No additional health information available.

IV. FIRST AID

Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.
Eyes:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention and monitor the eye daily as advised by your physician.
Skin Contact:	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Drink two glasses of water or milk to dilute. Provide medical care provider with this MSDS.
Notes to MD:	No additional first aid information available.

V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Summary:

Flash Point:	9 (CALC.) °F
Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:	16.0 @ 77° F
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:	1.4 @ 77° F

Fire Hazards: Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death. Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back.

Extinguishing Media: Water may be ineffective in fire fighting due the material (or component(s)) low flash point, low solvent density, and limited miscibility with water. Alcohol foam Dry chemical Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water may be ineffective but water spray can be used extinguish a fire if swept across the base of the flames. Water can absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Use methods for the surrounding fire. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Use water spray/fog for cooling.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon monoxide Toxic gases

VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health Consideration for Spill Response: Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this MSDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill.

Spill Mitigation Procedures General Methods: Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section VIII at a minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal evaluation.

VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with material. Harmful or irritating material. Avoid contact and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area.

Storage: Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed.

VIII. ENGINEERING CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Engineering Controls: Check ventilation codes. Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when handling or using this product to avoid overexposure.

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Tract:

Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2-1992). A written respiratory protection program, including provisions for medical certification, training, fit testing, exposure assessments, maintenance, inspection, cleaning, and convenient, sanitary storage should be implemented.

Eyes:

Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash station available.

Skin:

Avoid skin contact by wearing chemically resistant gloves, an apron and other protective equipment depending upon conditions of use. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

IX. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State:	CLOUDY LIQUID
Odor:	STRONG SOLVENT
Solids Vol %:	28.9971
Solids Wt %:	37.952
Material VOC lbs/gal:	3.9711
Material VOC gms/l:	476.8954
Coatings VOC lbs/gal:	4.4265
Coatings VOC gms/l:	531.5837
Weight per gallon lbs:	7.7042

VOC data per US EPA guidelines. State and local variations may apply.

X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Information:	Stable. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid:	Avoid: heat, sparks, flame and oxidizing agents. None known.
Chemical Incompatibility:	Acids. Acetic anhydride. Peroxides. Oxidizing materials. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong alkalies.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chemical Name	CAS Number	LD50/LC50
sec-Butyl alcohol	78-92-2	Inhalation LC50 Rat : 8000 ppm/4H; Oral LD50 Rat : 790 mg/kg; Oral LD50 Mouse : 2680 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : 3400 mg/kg
Acetic acid, methyl ester	79-20-9	Oral LD50 Rat : >5 gm/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : >5 gm/kg
Toluene	108-88-3	Inhalation LC50 Rat : 49 gm/m ³ /4H; Inhalation LC50 Mouse : 400 ppm/24H; Oral LD50 Rat : 636 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : 14100 uL/kg
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	Oral LD50 Rat : 2460 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : 3400 mg/kg
m-Xylene	108-38-3	Oral LD50 Rat : 5 gm/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : 14100 uL/kg
Benzene, ethyl-	100-41-4	Oral LD50 Rat : 3500 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : 17800 uL/kg
p-Xylene	106-42-3	Inhalation LC50 Rat : 4550 ppm/4H; Oral LD50 Rat : 5 gm/kg

XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview (for ingredients): No data available. Slight ecological hazard. In high concentrations, this product may be dangerous to plants and/or wildlife.

XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Description for Spent Product: The waste may be a "special" waste. Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste.

Disposal Methods: Comply with all Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulations. Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or Provincial regulations.

Potential EPA Waste Codes: If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001.

Components Subject to USEPA Land Disposal Restrictions:

n-Butyl alcohol	78-92-2	16.14 %
Toluene	108-88-3	6.19 %
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	4.86 %
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.66 %

XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT Paint, 3, UN 1263, II
See 49CFR 172.101 for Special Provisions, Packaging, and Quantity Limitations.

XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Name	Regulation	CASRN	%
sec-Butyl alcohol	SARA 313 Reportable:	78-92-2	16.14
Toluene	SARA 313 Reportable:	108-88-3	6.19
m-Xylene	SARA 313 Reportable:	108-38-3	2.16
o-Xylene	SARA 313 Reportable:	95-47-6	0.89
Ethyl benzene	SARA 313 Reportable:	100-41-4	0.66
p-Xylene	SARA 313 Reportable:	106-42-3	0.55
Formaldehyde	SARA 313 Reportable:	50-00-0	0.12
Benzene	SARA 313 Reportable:	71-43-2	0.00
Formaldehyde	Extremely Haz. Substances:	50-00-0	0.12
TPQ = 500 pounds; RQ = 100 pounds (does not meet toxicity criteria but because of high production volume and recognized toxicity is considered a chemical of concern)	SARA Threshold Planning Quantity:	50-00-0	0.12
Benzene, methyl-	California Proposition 65 Cancer List:	108-88-3	6.19
Benzene, ethyl-	California Proposition 65 Cancer List:	100-41-4	0.66
Formaldehyde (gas)	California Proposition 65 Cancer List:	50-00-0	0.12
Benzene	California Proposition 65 Cancer List:	71-43-2	0.00
Quartz	California Proposition 65 Cancer List:	14808-60-7	0.00
Toluene	California Proposition 65 Developmental Toxicity:	108-88-3	6.19
Benzene	California Proposition 65	71-43-2	0.00
Benzene	Developmental Toxicity: California Proposition 65 Reproductive - Female:	71-43-2	0.00
aliphatic petroleum distillates	New Jersey Right To Know:	64742-89-8	19.48

butanol	New Jersey Right To Know:	78-92-2	16.14
urea resin solids	New Jersey Right To Know:	PROPRIETARY	13.22
Methyl acetate	New Jersey Right To Know:	79-20-9	10.38
toluene	New Jersey Right To Know:	108-88-3	6.19

XVI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Other Information:

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MSDS glossary.